§ 21.8014

Vietnam veteran has the same meaning as §3.814(c) of this title provides.

Vocational training program means the vocationally oriented training services, and assistance, including placement and post-placement services, and personal and work-adjustment training that VA finds necessary to enable the child to prepare for and participate in vocational training or employment. A vocational training program may include a program of education offered by an institution of higher education only if the program is predominantly vocational in content.

VR&C refers to the Vocational Rehabilitation and Counseling activity (usually a division) in a Veterans Benefits Administration regional office, the staff members of that activity in the regional office or in outbased locations, and the services that activity provides.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 101, 1801, 1802, 1804)

- (b) Other terms and abbreviations. The following terms and abbreviations have the same meaning or explanation that §21.35 provides:
 - (1) CP (Counseling psychologist);
 - (2) Program of education;
 - (3) Rehabilitation facility;
- (4) School, educational institution, or institution;
 - (5) Training establishment;
 - (6) Vocational goal;
- (7) VRC (Vocational rehabilitation counselor);
- (8) VRS (Vocational rehabilitation specialist); and
 - (9) Workshop.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1801, 1804)

§21.8014 Application.

(a) Filing an application. To participate in a vocational training program, the child (or the child's parent or guardian, an authorized representative, or a Member of Congress acting on behalf of the child) must file an application. An application is a request for an evaluation of the feasibility of the child's achievement of a vocational goal and, if a CP or VRC determines that achievement of a vocational goal is feasible, for participation in a vocational training program. The application may be in any form, but it must:

- (1) Be in writing over the signature of the applicant or the individual applying on the child's behalf;
- (2) Provide the child's full name, address, and VA claim number, if any, and the Vietnam veteran's full name and Social Security number or VA claim number, if any; and
- (3) Clearly identify the benefit sought.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1804(a))

(b) *Time for filing.* An application under this subpart may be filed at any time after September 30, 1997.

(Paperwork requirements were approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 2900–0579.)

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1801, 1804)

§21.8016 Nonduplication of benefits.

(a) Election of benefits—chapter 35. A child may not receive benefits concurrently under 38 U.S.C. chapter 35 and under this subpart. If the child is eligible for both benefits, he or she must elect in writing which benefit to receive.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1804(e)(1))

(b) Reelections of benefits—chapter 35. A child receiving benefits under this subpart or under 38 U.S.C. chapter 35 may change his or her election at any time. A reelection between benefits under this subpart and under 38 U.S.C. chapter 35 must be prospective, however, and may not result in a child receiving benefits under both programs for the same period of training.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1804(e)(1))

(c) Length of benefits under multiple programs—chapter 35. The aggregate period for which a child may receive assistance under this subpart and under 38 U.S.C. chapter 35 together may not exceed 48 months of full-time training or the part-time equivalent.

(Paperwork requirements were approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 2900–0581.)

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1804(e)(2))

BASIC ENTITLEMENT REQUIREMENTS

§ 21.8020 Entitlement to vocational training and employment assistance

- (a) Basic entitlement requirements. Under this subpart, for a child to receive vocational training, employment assistance, and related rehabilitation services and assistance to achieve a vocational goal (to include employment), the following requirements must be met:
- (1) A CP or VRC must determine that achievement of a vocational goal by the child is reasonably feasible; and
- (2) The child and VR&C staff members must work together to develop and then agree to an individualized written plan of vocational rehabilitation identifying the vocational goal and the means to achieve this goal.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1804(b))

- (b) Services and assistance. A child found eligible and entitled to be a vocational training program participant may receive the services and assistance described in §21.8050(a). The following sections in subpart A of this part apply to the provision of these services and assistance in a manner comparable to their application for a veteran under that subpart:
 - (1) Section 21.250(a) and (b)(2);
 - (2) Section 21.252;
 - (3) Section 21.254;
- (4) Section 21.256 (not including paragraph (e)(2);
 - (5) Section 21.257; and
 - (6) Section 21.258.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1804)

- (c) Requirements to receive employment services and assistance. VA will provide employment services and assistance under paragraph (b) of this section only if the child:
- (1) Has achieved a vocational objective;
- (2) Has voluntarily ceased vocational training under this subpart, but the case manager finds the child has attained sufficient skills to be employable; or
- (3) VA determines during evaluation that the child already has the skills necessary for suitable employment and does not need additional training, but to secure suitable employment the

child does need the employment assistance that paragraph (b) of this section describes.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1804)

(d) Additional employment services and assistance. If a child has received employment assistance and obtains a suitable job, but VA later finds the child needs additional employment services and assistance, VA may provide the child with these services and assistance if, and to the extent, the child has remaining program entitlement.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1804)

- (e) Program entitlement usage—(1) Basic entitlement period. A child will be entitled to receive 24 months of full-time training, services, and assistance (including employment assistance) or the part-time equivalent, as part of a vocational training program.
- (2) Extension of basic entitlement period. The child may receive an extension of the basic 24-month entitlement period, not to exceed another 24 months of full-time program participation or the part-time equivalent. VA may authorize an extension only if VA first determines that:
- (i) The extension is necessary for the child to achieve a vocational goal identified before the end of the basic 24month entitlement period; and
- (ii) The child can achieve the vocational goal within the extended period.
- (3) Principles for charging entitlement. VA will charge entitlement usage for training, services, or assistance (but not the initial evaluation, as described in §21.8032) on the same basis as VA would charge entitlement usage for providing the same training, services, or assistance to a veteran in a vocational rehabilitation program under 38 U.S.C. chapter 31. VA may charge entitlement at a half-time, three-quartertime, or full-time rate based upon the child's training time using the rate of pursuit criteria in §21.8310. The provisions concerning reduced work tolerance under §21.312 or less than halftime training under §21.314 do not apply under this subpart.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1804)